

Installing Contractor Insulation Boot Camp

Lesson 14: Insulating Kneewalls

House 3: Lesson Topics



What we'll cover

- House 3 overview
- Parts of a house
- Thermal boundary and air barrier exercise
- Insulating kneewall areas



Lesson Topics



What we will cover:

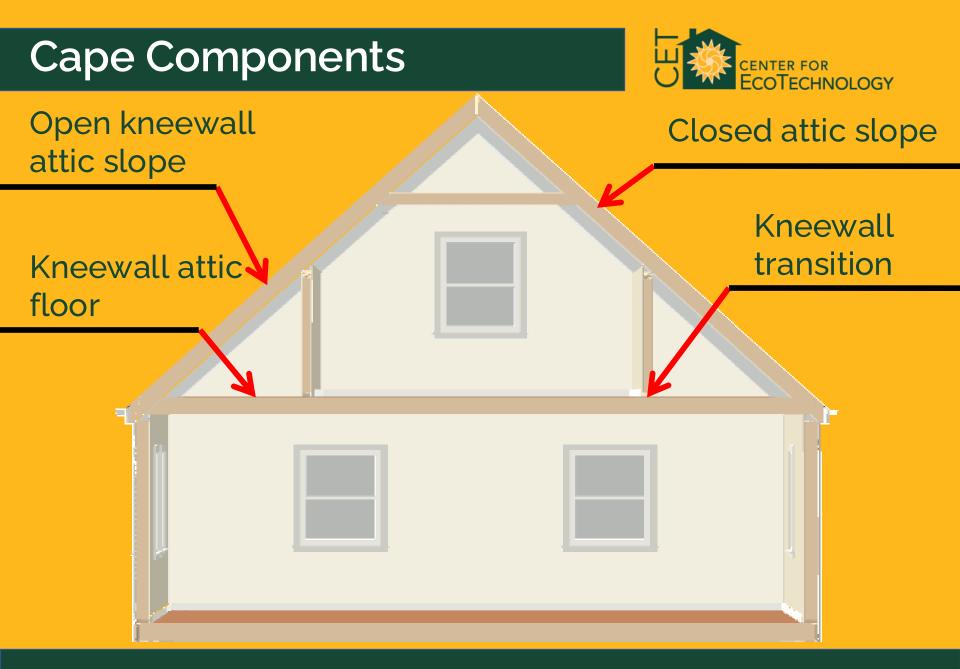
- An overview of kneewall structures and air-leakage points
- How to air seal kneewall transitions
- Air sealing bottom plates and wall structures in kneewalls

Cross Section



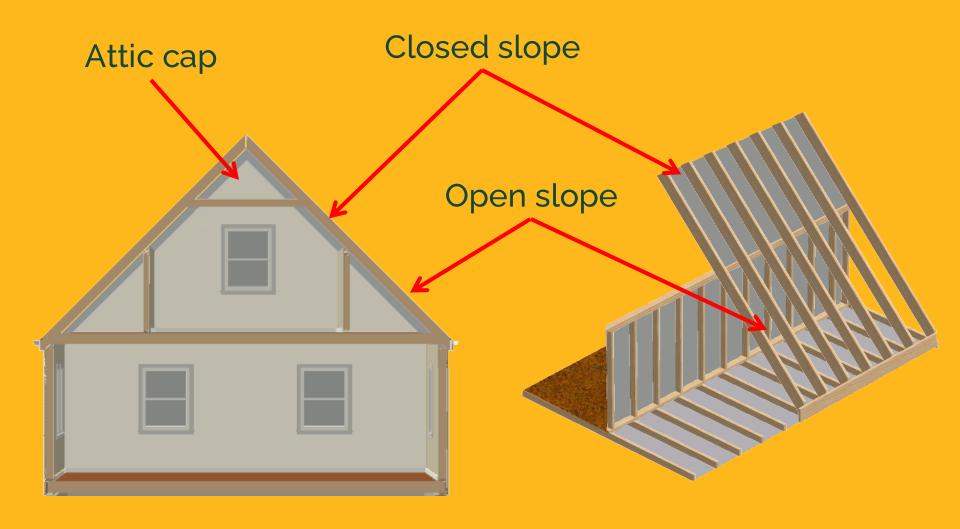


Cape Components Attic cap Kneewall attic Kneewall



Closed Slopes





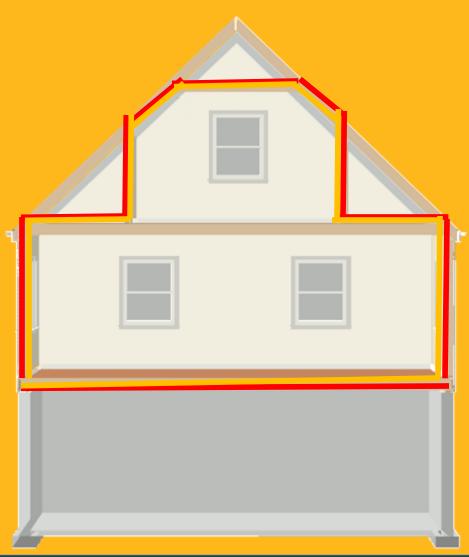
Exercise: Thermal Boundary CENTER FOR ECCTECHNOLOGY





Thermal Boundary Option 1





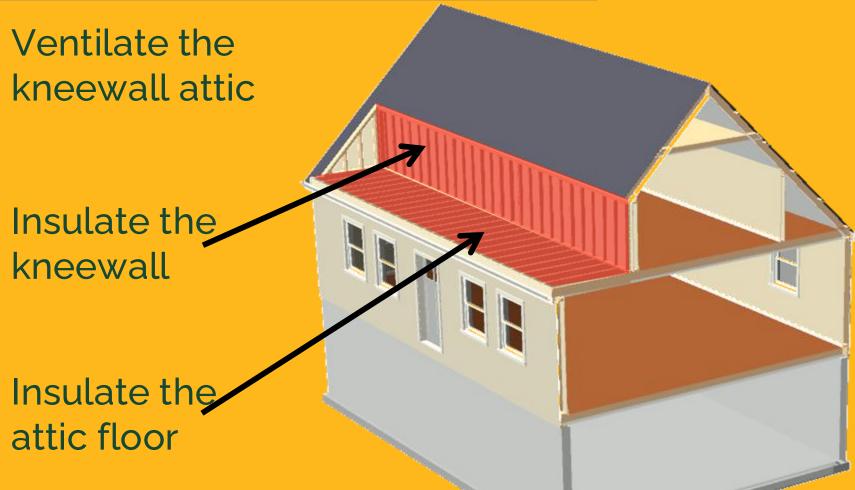
Thermal Boundary Option 1



For rebate purposes, closed slopes, built-in dressers, and kneewall access doors are treated as wall area.

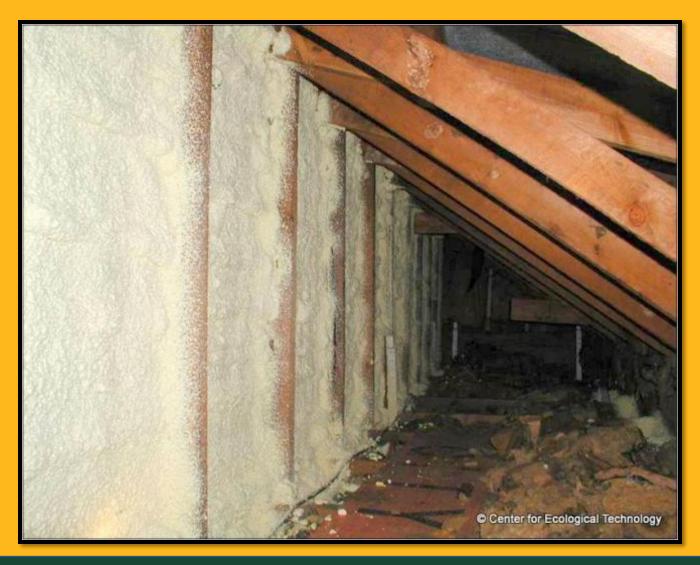
Insulating the Kneewall





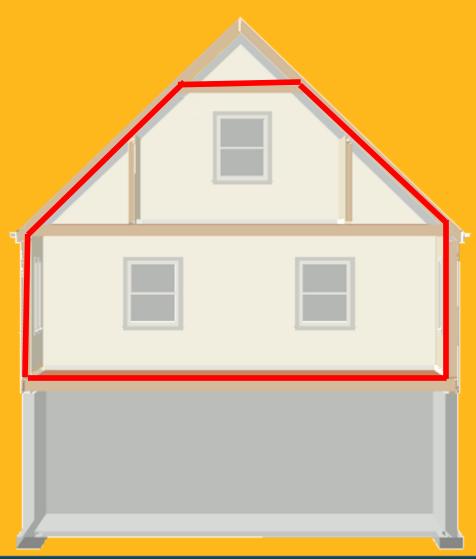
Insulating Kneewall





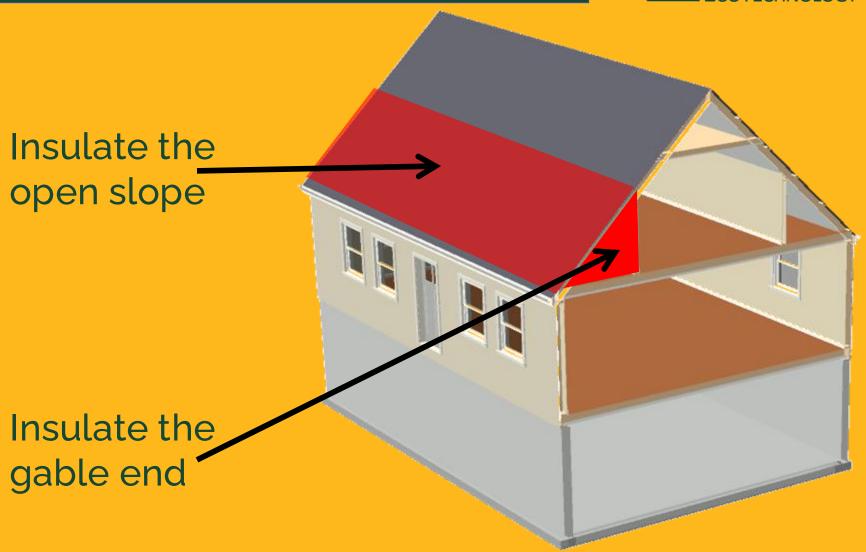
Thermal Boundary Option 2





Encapsulating Kneewall





Encapsulated Kneewall





Kneewall Attics

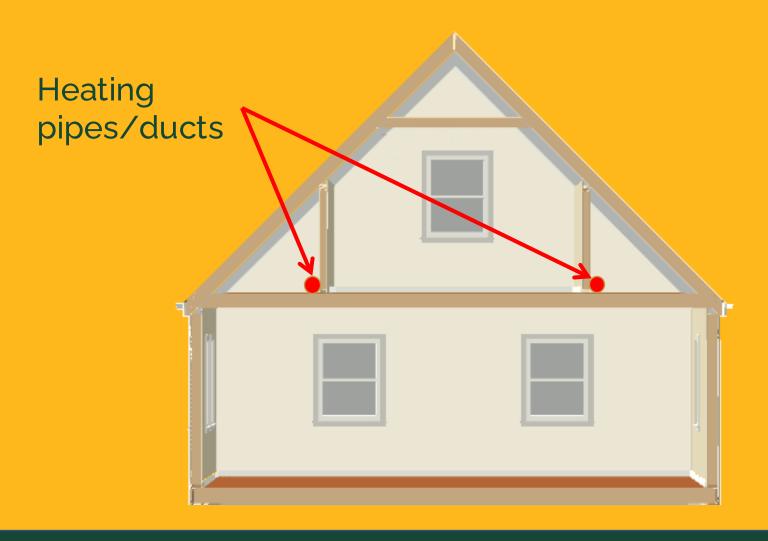


Compare these approaches



Kneewall Strategies















Shallow attic

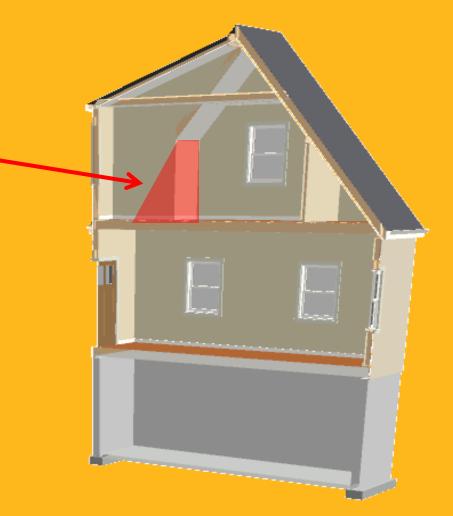
Exposed dormer walls in kneewall attic



Restricted kneewall area



Unused dormer cavity as it appears from the living space



Insulating Kneewall Attic





Insulating the Kneewall





Insulating Open Slope

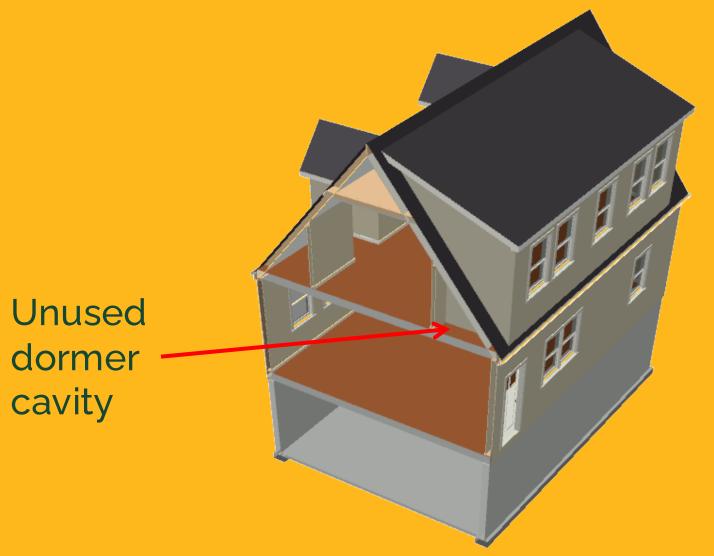




Air seal and insulate the gable ends

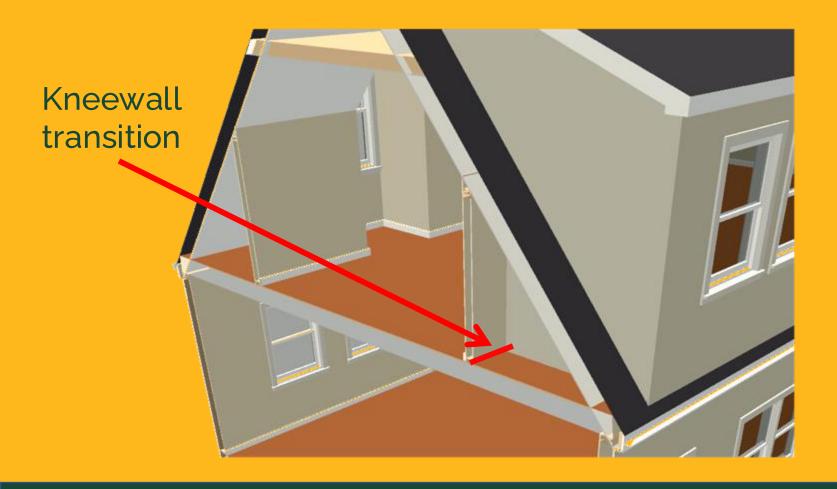
Rear Dormer





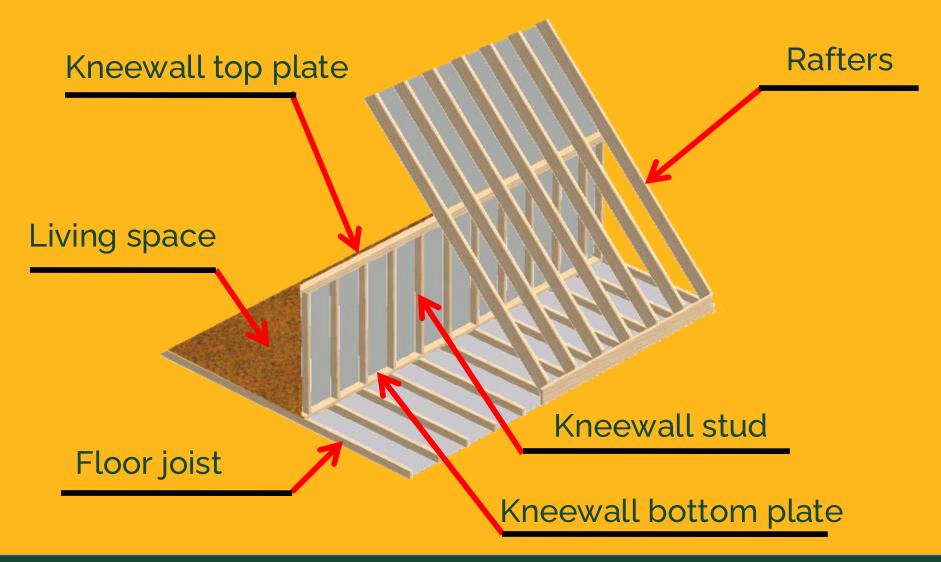
Rear Dormer



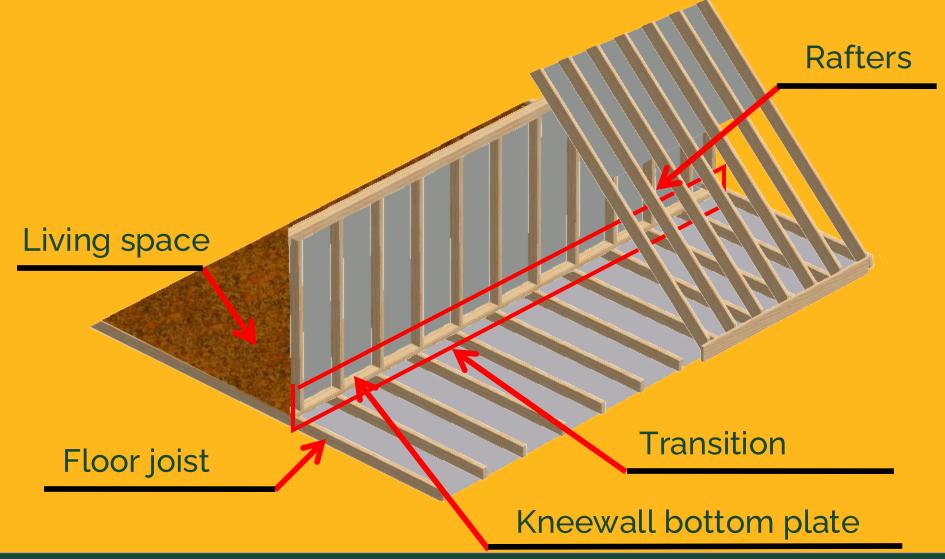


Kneewall Components











Kneewall Transition - Sealing and Insulating

- Expose approximately an 18-inch attic joist area under the kneewall.
- (Option 1) Cut and friction fit or fasten ABM to span the joist cavity directly under the kneewall, lining it up with the gypsum board of the conditioned room above.
- (Option 1) Seal all edges of ABM with sealant, taking care to seal the hard-to-reach top edge.



Kneewall Transition - Sealing and Insulating

- (Option 2) Roll up a fiberglass batt and friction fit it to fill the floor joist cavity under the kneewall to provide a backing for spray foam
- (Option 2) Spray foam full cavity height and width against the backing.
- Install insulating sheathing over kneewall framing.



Insulation pulled back to expose cavity

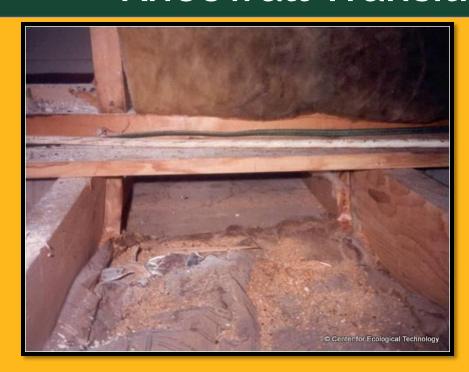
Open cavity

Subfloor cut back to expose open cavity

Building Science Corporation

Task - Control air leakage between the conditioned floor spaces and unconditioned attic space.

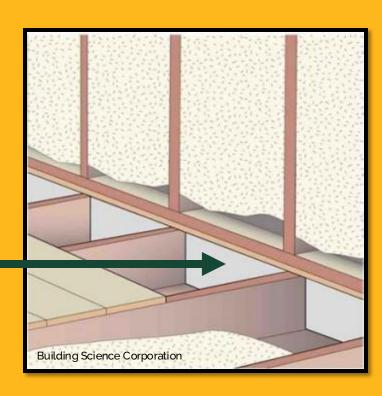








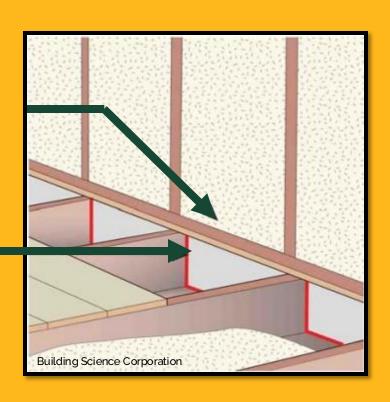
Solid wood blocking or rigid foam board



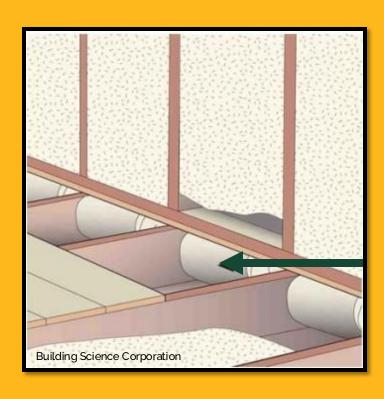


Replace insulation in cavity

Continuous bead of sealant around entire perimeter of enclosure

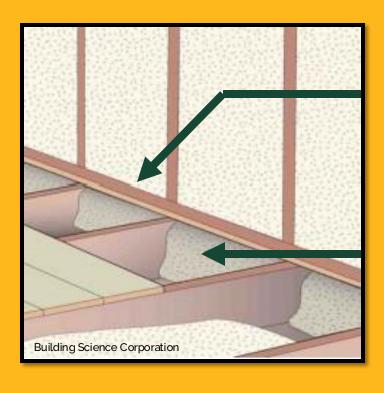






Fiberglass insulation as backing for spray foam





Replace insulation in cavity

Spray foam covers fiberglass insulation backing

Kneewall Transition



Add insulating sheathing to kneewall framing

Additional Insulation

Replace insulation in cavity

Kneewall Transition



Insulating Kneewall Transitions with Foamboard



Kneewall Transition

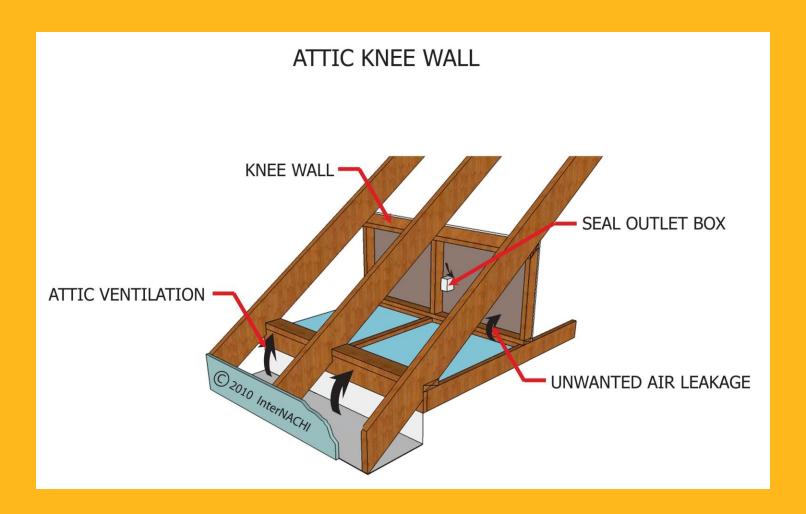


Insulating Kneewall Transitions with Foamboard



Air-sealing Kneewalls





Bottom Plates

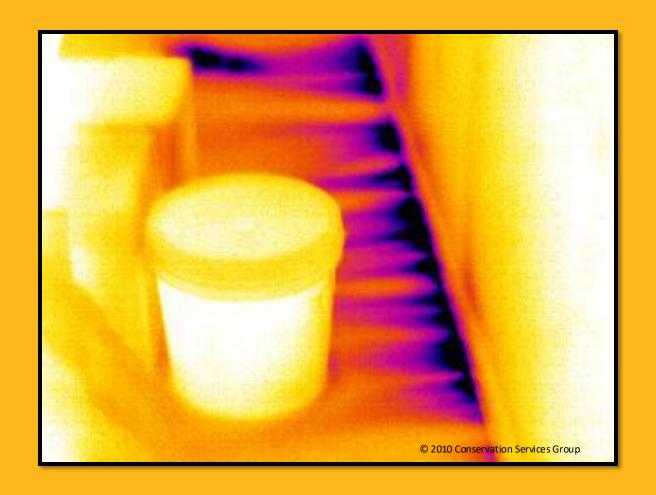


Another area of air infiltration in a knee wall is the bottom and top plates



Bottom Plate Leakage





Temporary Access



- Installed when permanent access to the area is not required.
- Typically, lower cost than installing a permanent access



Temporary Accesses





Kneewall Built-Ins





Insulating Built-Ins





Air Sealing Built-ins







Air Sealing

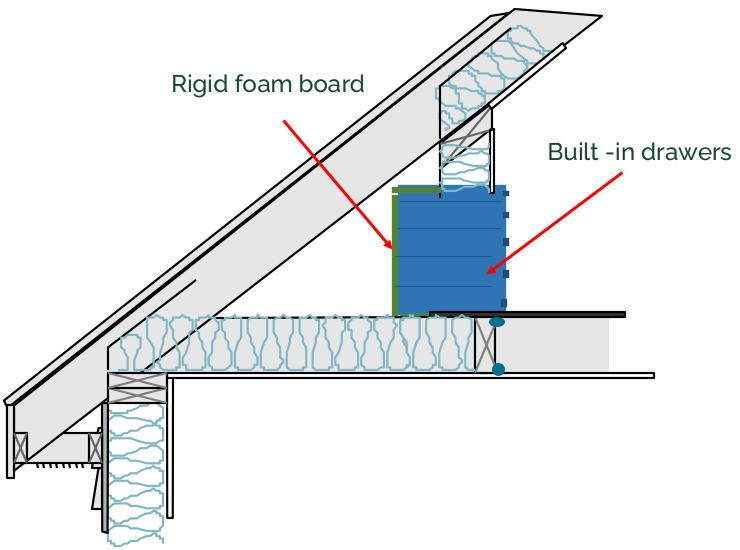






Insulating Built-ins





Kneewall Built-ins



- Built-ins are common in kneewalls
- Built-ins can be a major source of air leakage
- If the thermal barrier is at the kneewall, not the attic slope, built-ins must be enclosed, sealed, and insulated
- Always check with the homeowner before removing items from a built-in

Insulation Materials & Techniques





Rigid foam board

Two-part foam

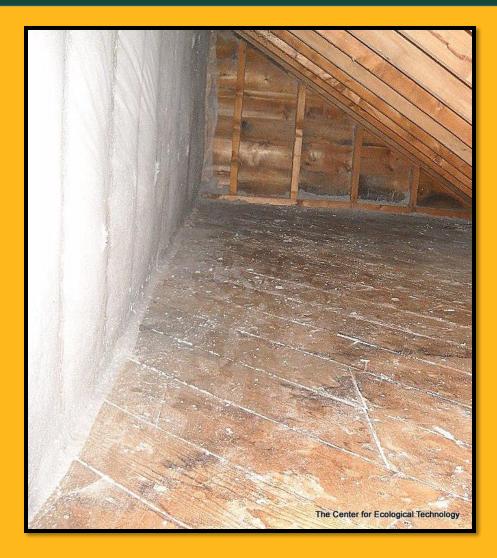
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Fiber glass batts

Dense packed cellulose

Dense-Packed Cellulose







Fiberglass Batts





Rigid Foam Board





Rigid Foam Board





Rigid Foam Board





Two-Part Foam Technique



- No vent chutes are needed
- Apply directly to the underside of the roof decking



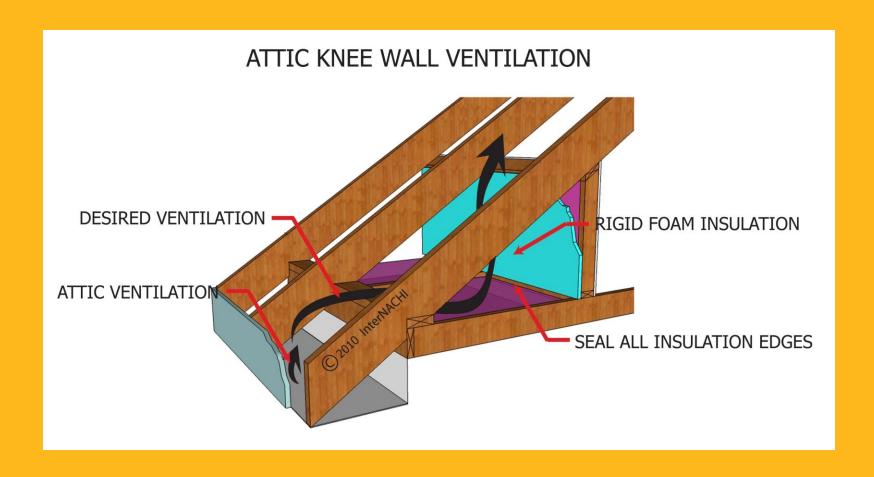
Two-Part Foam Technique





Kneewall Ventilation





Roof Insulation Code Requirements



Insulation applied directly to the underside of a roof must be either:

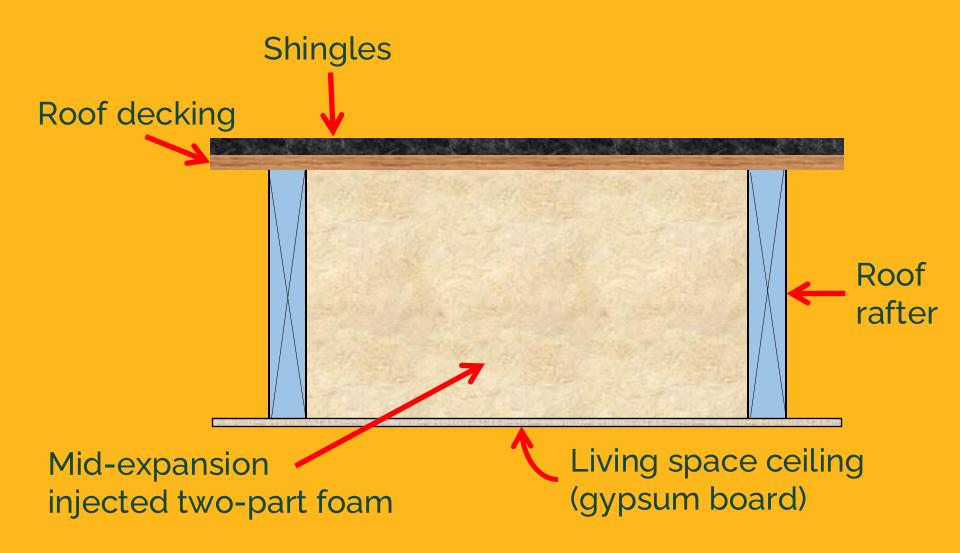
 Air-impermeable foam for at least the first 40% of the R-value on the cold-inwinter side

OR

 Vented between the roof decking and the insulation

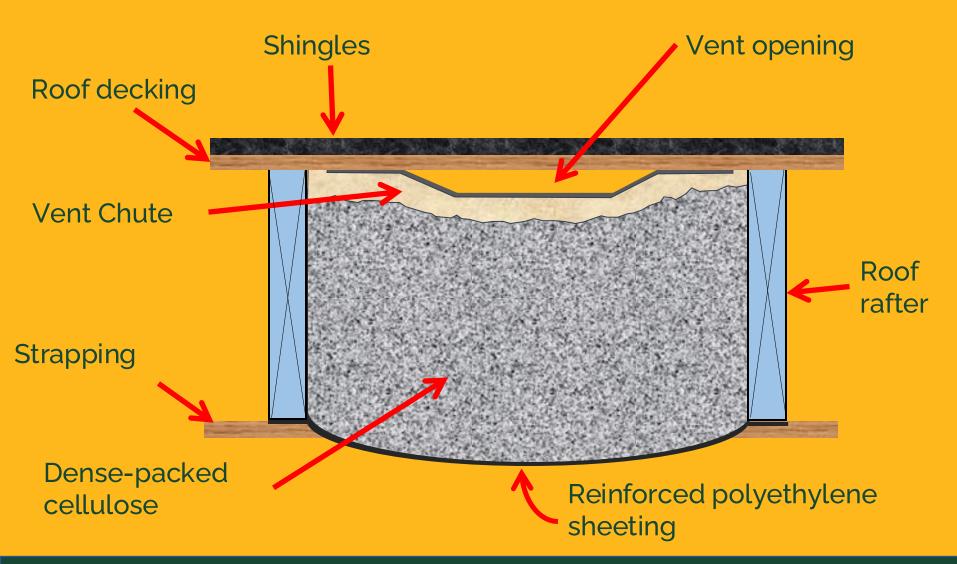
Two-Part Foam in a Closed Slope





Cellulose and Baffle in Closed Slope





Summary



- Kneewall attics can either be included or excluded from the thermal boundary.
- A kneewall attic outside the thermal boundary must be ventilated.
- Several materials can be used to properly insulate kneewall areas.
- Insulation materials must be properly installed to perform optimally.
- Dormers can create complicated geometry but must be fully air sealed and insulated to properly weatherize the home.

Summary



Creating Kneewall Accesses

- You may need to create access to kneewall areas to seal and insulate
- Temporary access is often quicker
- Permanent access may be required
- The most common leakage point in a kneewall is the transition

Summary



Program Requirements

- Eligible rebates can only be applied to insulation installed at the attic floor and kneewall
- Closed slopes are measured as wall area

Questions



